

Sputum Collection for Culture

In the absence of a specific request from your physician, it is advised not to perform the test during antibiotic therapy.

Allow at least 7 days to pass since the last antibiotic dose.

- Use sterile wide-mouth containers with screw caps.
- Collect the material in the morning while fasting.
- Perform a thorough oral cleaning and gargle with water.
- Collect the sample directly into the container. At least 2 ml of secretions from the trachea are required, obtained through spontaneous expectoration, with forced breathing acts, or deep coughing.
- The sputum must come from the lower airways and should not be contaminated with saliva. Samples with excessive saliva are not considered suitable.
- If expectoration is difficult, induce coughing with an aerosol of warm saline solution or N-acetyl-L-cysteine (non-antibiotic).
- Return specimen as soon as possible or store it at +2°C to +8°C for up to 1 hour.

<u>Special Notes:</u> Collecting a single sample is usually sufficient for bacterial pneumonia. In cases of <u>suspected tuberculosis</u>, it is advisable to collect samples for the search of Mycobacterium tuberculosis (Koch's bacillus) <u>for 3 consecutive days</u>.

I, the ui	ndersign	, declare		
that I ha	ave follo	wed the ins	tructions provided in this information sheet.	
Date	/	/	Signature	

Istituto Europeo di Oncologia - IRCCS

Extracted from Preparation and Sample Collection Procedures (LAB.DO.0152.I)

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